What is claimed is:

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1. A semiconductor integrated circuit device comprising:

a high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor connected between a real high-potential power supply line and a pseudo high-potential power supply line; and

a load circuit having a low-threshold P-channel type MIS field effect transistor and a low-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor, wherein:

a first power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to said pseudo high-potential power supply line, and a second power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to a real low-potential power supply line.

- 2. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein a back gate of said low-threshold P-channel type MIS field effect transistor is connected to said pseudo high-potential power supply line, and a back gate of said low-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor is connected to said real low-potential power supply line.
- 3. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

a waveshaping circuit which receives a control signal for controlling said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor, and performs waveshaping so that said control signal rises slowly, and wherein:

an output signal of said waveshaping circuit is supplied to a gate of said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor.

4. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 3, wherein said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor is configured as a source follower, and a voltage on said pseudo high-

potential power supply line connected to the source of said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor rises slowly in response to the slowly rising output signal of said waveshaping circuit supplied to said gate.

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- 5. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 3, wherein said waveshaping circuit comprises a high-threshold final-stage MIS field effect transistor having a large gate length and a small gate width, or a plurality of high-threshold final-stage MIS field effect transistors connected in series.
- 6. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 3, wherein said waveshaping circuit comprises a digital/analog converter.
- 7. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 6, wherein said load circuit comprises a memory circuit, and said digital/analog converter outputs a voltage that is lower than a normal operating voltage of said memory and that only guarantees the retention of stored contents, thereby achieving a reduction in backup standby power consumption.
 - 8. A semiconductor integrated circuit device comprising:
 - a high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor connected between a real high-potential power supply line and a pseudo high-potential power supply line, said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor being controlled by receiving a slowly rising control signal to a gate thereof; and
 - a load circuit having a low-threshold P-channel type MIS field effect transistor and a low-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor, wherein:
- a first power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to said pseudo high-potential power supply line, and a second power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to a real low-potential

power supply line.

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9. A semiconductor integrated circuit device comprising:

a high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a first conductivity type, connected between a first real power supply line and a first pseudo power supply line;

a load circuit having a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type and a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a second conductivity type; and

a level conversion circuit which receives a control signal of a first level for controlling said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type, and which converts said control signal of said first level into a control signal of a second level and supplies said control signal of said second level to a gate of said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type, wherein:

a first power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to said first pseudo power supply line, and a second power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to a second real power supply line.

- 25 10. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type and said level conversion circuit are together constructed as a module.
- 11. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein said first level is equal to a signal interface level of said load circuit, and said second level is a level greater than said first level.
 - 12. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein said first real power supply line is a real high-potential power supply line, said second real power supply line is a real low-potential

power supply line, said first pseudo power supply line is a pseudo high-potential power supply line, and said highthreshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type is a high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor, wherein:

a drain of said high-threshold N-channel type MIS field effect transistor is connected to said real high-potential power supply line, a source thereof is connected to said pseudo high-potential power supply line, and a back gate thereof is connected to said real low-potential power supply line.

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13. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein said first real power supply line is a real high-potential power supply line, said second real power supply line is a real low-potential power supply line, said first pseudo power supply line is a pseudo high-potential power supply line, and said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type is a high-threshold P-channel type MIS field effect transistor, wherein:

a source and back gate of said highthreshold P-channel type MIS field effect transistor are connected to said real high-potential power supply line, and a drain thereof is connected to said pseudo highpotential power supply line.

14. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

a waveshaping circuit which receives the output signal of said level conversion circuit, and performs waveshaping so that the output signal of said level conversion circuit rises slowly, and wherein:

an output signal of said waveshaping circuit is supplied to a gate of said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type.

15. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 14, wherein said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type

is configured as a source follower, and a voltage on said first pseudo power supply line connected to the source of said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type rises slowly in response to the slowly rising output signal of said waveshaping circuit supplied to said gate.

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- 16. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein a physical shield is provided over a signal wiring line from said level conversion circuit to said high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type.
- 17. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 16, wherein said semiconductor integrated circuit device has a multilayered wiring structure, and said shield is formed in a prescribed intermediate wiring layer, while a signal line of a signal interface level of said load circuit is formed in a wiring layer located above said prescribed intermediate wiring layer.
- 20 18. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 14, wherein said waveshaping circuit comprises a high-threshold final-stage MIS field effect transistor having a large gate length and a small gate width, or a plurality of high-threshold final-stage MIS field effect transistors connected in series.
 - 19. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 14, wherein said waveshaping circuit comprises a digital/analog converter.
 - 20. The semiconductor integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 19, wherein said load circuit comprises a memory circuit, and said digital/analog converter outputs a voltage that is lower than a normal operating voltage of said memory and that only guarantees the retention of stored contents, thereby achieving a reduction in backup standby power consumption.
 - 21. A semiconductor integrated circuit device comprising:

a high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a first conductivity type, connected between a first real power supply line and a first pseudo power supply line; and

a load circuit having a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type and a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a second conductivity type, wherein:

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a first power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to said first pseudo power supply line, and a second power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to a second real power supply line, wherein said first pseudo power supply line is brought outside a chip.

22. A semiconductor integrated circuit device comprising:

a high-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a first conductivity type, connected between a first real power supply line and a first pseudo power supply line; and

a load circuit having a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of said first conductivity type and a low-threshold MIS field effect transistor of a second conductivity type, wherein:

a first power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to said first pseudo power supply line, and a second power supply terminal of said load circuit is connected to a second real power supply line, wherein said first real power supply line is brought outside a chip.